No Objection To Declassification in Full 2010/08/31: LOC-HAK-264-2-7-9

1	-				de la				CJ	
1215	CEL	HINC	E			٠,	CL	A 55	HUC	A.I

From P. Received to WARTE 3

" B. MCFARLANE

FOR COMMIENTER USE ONLY

INFO:

OTG: 4249 157

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

RELEASED BY:

UNCEASSIFIED

HAKTO-23

June 2, 1975

TO: BUD McFARLANE - WHITE HOUSE

FROM: PETER RODMAN MYR

REF: HAKTO-22

1. As indicated Reftel, here is copy of my redraft of speech based on your and Theis drafts. It includes some HAK edits, and it has been given to Friedman.

2. Warm regards.

ATTACHMENT

UNGLASSIFIED

NSC/PT

June 1, 1975

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS AT U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY COMMENCEMENT, WEST POINT, N.Y. Wednesday, June 4, 1975

[Informal Opening Remarks]

I am delighted to be here on the Plain. Perhaps only an old Navy man knows how much that means. Sailors have not always found West Point so hospitable. The British Navy learned that during the Revolutionary War, and I understand that you still re-teach the lesson to some American Midshipmen each year.

heing here into a more practical expression. I am aware of the tradition of this institution that a visiting Head of State is entitled to remit all punishments. [Toma-little cautious about granting another pardon, but] General Mac Arthur once said, "The long gray line has never failed us" -- and today I am not about to fail the lone gray line. So with the powers vested in me as your Commander in Chief, I hereby order the remission of all ordinary punishments immediately:

Now that I have your undivided attention, let's get

You -- the Class of 1975 -- accept your commissions as officer in the United States Army just days before that Army celebrates its 200th birthday.

For two centuries, the United States Army has defended -- and represented -- freedom. West Point has trained the leaders of that Army ever since this Academy's founding in 1802.

The purpose of this great Army and this great Academy are one and the same, and have been since their beginning: to be ready at the nation's call to carry out -- with dedication and honor -- the duty of defending the liberty of our land and people.

The defense of freedom will take many forms in the years ahead. The will of America will always be tested. It is our job -- yours and mine -- to be prepared for these tests. It is worth remembering what it is we are defending, for it is a precious thing, and our pride in it is the truest source of our strength.

Administration of Thomas Jefferson that this Academy was founded. We have had no Chief Executive who was more consistently suspicious of large standing armies or more ardent in his belief in civilian authority over the military. Nevertheless, Mr. Jefferson understood the

need for quality in all things and did not doubt the need for a professional military leadership to defend freedom and free men. And it is no coincidence that President Jefferson too sent American military forces to faraway shores to defend free commerce from those who would seize American ships in international waters and make captives of their crews.

Those who defend liberty must believe in it. Those who truly believe in liberty must be willing to defend it. This is my philosophy -- and the tradition of West Point.

Times change. America has changed. But the long gray line and its tradition are one of the constants in our history. They have their roots in Jefferson's time: you personally will carry it forward into the next century.

* * * *

It is often said on occasions such as this that

noter before have the problems of the world been so

complex. Yet it is true. It is also true that never before

in our history has the fate of this nation -- our daily

lives -- been so intertwined with the fate of the rest

of the world. The Middle East war and energy crisis of 1973 dramatized what should have been understood long before that our security and our prosperity are vitally affected by the stability and progress of the international system. No nation is isolated; no nation can realize its destiny alone. No nation — and certainly no great nation — can achieve its own national objectives without participating constructively in the international order. And an enormous responsibility rests upon us, for we have maintained the global peace and maintained the global prosperity for the last thirty years.

Our strength through the years has been not merely in our vast resources or technological genius or military prowess -- all of which are second to none.

Our greatest strength has been our spirit -- the courage with which free men harnessed these elements of material strength to the achievement of great ends.

This spirit comes from faith in America, and faith in America means confidence in ourselves, and trust in each other. This is the spirit of American unity.

American leadership abroad. Never before has it been so essential that we heal our wounds, and end our mutual antagonisms, and recover our sense that we as Americans are all engaged in a common endeavor.

We have had setbacks -- but their significance truly depends on what we do now, more than on what happened before. So many nations wait and watch how we will respond. But this is my source of hope -- for it means our future is in our own hands.

I have therefore called upon the Congress and my fellow citizens to recall that there is much public business to be done. There are national responsibilities to be fulfilled, at home and abroad.

We cannot expect success at the summit talks of the world if we are not united at the summit -- in the national Leadership -- at home. We cannot be a family divided if we expect to succeed as a people. We are supposed to be the United States of America.

If we are together, there is much we can achieve.

Because America is at peace today, some would disparage the purse and power of ournational defense and international commitments and neglect them. Yet this nation has consistently over the last 20 years, reduced the ratio of defense spending, while our adversaries have sostantially increased theirs.

Our expenditure for defense has been declining

in real terms. It has dropped in real terms, to its

1 vest level since just before the Korean conflict "he

of potential adversaries

5. List military build-up is continuing, and Soviet military

e penditure grows at about three to five percent a year.

Since 1940, the peace of the been preserved by American Since 1940, the world has witnessed near-uninterrupted (in 15 with For much of that 35 years, Americans have shouldered as as and we have sacrificed blood and treasure. We said not overlook that The security of Europe and much or Asia, and indeed the balance of power globally. I is been preserved and is being preserved by American strongs.

We know there cannot be true security or prosperity

a home if there is not real peace in the world. And

s too, there cannot and will not be war on this continent

i our adversaries are convinced that we are so militarily

s cong that war would only bring on their disaster.

and I still believe the people and the Congress of the U ted States desire that, despite recent Congressional ation to cut our defense budget for fiscal 1976 — ten this Nation must be prepared to pay the price that is nessary. This, certainly, is no time to make deeper cuts in defense budget. This is the time to support our is portant new programs — ranging from the 16-division at my and the modern B-1 intercontinental bomber to the research and development programs essential to maintain quilitative superiority for the future.

No graduating class in the history of West Point will be called on to fill so many diverse roles in this i creasingly complex world. As young officers in the captex world of today, you must know military strategy, the ties and logistics. But today -- as never before -- y must understand history, economics, science, internional affairs, diplomacy, just to mention a few. Some of y may become diplomats as well as generals. At the same the non-graduates will be called on to fulfill such dersity with such unity of mission. The greatest mission of the United States today -- and in the immediate future -- if the projection of clear and firm national unity and comitment.

You must understand power -- and the limits
of power. You must understand war -- and, if necessary,
calcy out war -- but you must also comprehend the
do errents to war.

There is one aspect of duty that I wish to caution you about -- never confuse what may be popular with what is rint. Moreover, never confuse public accolades -- or lack of them -- with national appreciation. Too often, we have taken our armed forces for granted. Too often, we have seen public apathy to military achievement. Despite all this, the dedication to country and response to the call of luty which motivated the Continental army still motivates the ranks of today's Army officer corps which you are about to join. And I am confident it ever will.

Only the most stubbornly unrealistic of us can im line that we do not need your best efforts in these ties. The same adversaries who have probed for and ex oited signs of weakness in the past continue to extend an improve their own military capacity. Unless we continue to eet this challenge -- as I am determined to do -- there ca be no prospect for success in our efforts to defuse the ions in the world. Particularly at this time, we must

at id the error that this nation has made in the past of too eagerly turning away after an ended conflict, to rapidly letting down our guard.

But even as your fellow citizens accept their need for your service, many of them will still not comprehend your mission and the demands it makes upon you. They will take you for granted or abuse you -- except in more ents of crisis.

Your career will exact high dues: Periodic danger, so aration from loved ones, moves so frequent that you become nervous about laying down roots in any place. it will also offer unique opportunities. It is unlikely that any of your contemporaries will have so early the of ortunities and challenges which some of you will face hin weeks. You will be charged with the ipkeep and or ration of technology more expensive and complex tion some men will ever handle. More important, you will be responsible for the well-being of other Americans, ctimes in situations where decisions will be literally ters of life and death. Your apprenticeship, with m. basic education, is ending, and you may be expected to use its lessons at any time. It is an enormous human t.

her, demands upon you than upon most of your contite poraries. I hope those demands only intensify for you the sense of the reasons for them, and your professions mission.

As long as I am President, you will not be taken for granted.

I have just returned from a trip to Europe to standthen the peace. I found at the summit meeting of the North Atlantic Treaty nations a new sense of unity and a confidence in America that were most encouraging to me. I am convinced our major alliances are strong and firm; I convinced our allies' confidence in us is not misplaced.

In Salzburg I me t with Fqypt's President Sadat,

to ontinue our exploration of new steps toward peace in

th Middle Fast. That is the most scrious international is we of our time. The United States is in a unique pc ition to help premote a peaceful solution -- and I am determined that we will make that effort.

ar peace since World War II -- the 30-year sweep of a go eration -- has been so deep and enduring that it serves no purpose to recount it here. But it does serve a purpose to remind ourselves, our friends and our adversaries the we are yet prepared to pay the price of freedom -- ir full or in part -- as circumstances may require.

This is why I am here today at West Foint. This is why ye are here at West Point.

Mr. Jefferson in his first Inaugural address sought to remind his fellow Americans of their crucial similarities, reardless of party, by saying, "We are all Republicans,

we are all Federalists." (I wish the first part were true!)

I in think of no better way to remind you of your

up ming service, and to remind us of our common rights

an responsibilities as civilians, than to say: We are

al citizens; we are all defenders of freedom; we are

al Americans.

Thank you and Godspeed.

End text